

ARRANGEMENT FOR CLOSING AN OPENING OF A MOTOR VEHICLE  
WITH A SHATTER-PROOFING ELEMENT

Background of the Invention

Field of the Invention

**[0001]** This invention relates to an arrangement for closing an opening of a motor vehicle with a pane and a shatter-proofing element, especially a glass cover for a roof opening.

Description of Related Art

**[0002]** In order to provide a glass cover of a motor vehicle roof with a shatter-proofing function, cementing a shatter-proofing film on the underside of the glass pane of the cover is known; the film in its edge area dips for example into the peripheral foam of the pane, by means of which the inside sheet metal of the cover is connected to the pane, see for example DE 43 23 140 A1. When the pane breaks, the shards remain cemented to the shatter-proofing film, which in its peripheral area is attached in the peripheral foam of the cover and in this way remains tensioned by the peripheral foam, by which penetration of shards into the vehicle interior or hurling of articles out of the vehicle interior can be prevented.

**[0003]** A similar pane structure is described in German Patent Application DE 101 55 168 A1 and corresponding U.S. Patent 6,867,893. Furthermore, similar covers are also described in German Patent Applications DE 101 51 156 A1 and DE 102 06 717 A1 which correspond to U.S. Patents 6,942,288 and 6,908,147, respectively. In these publications, a modification is also described in which the peripheral edge area of the shatter-proofing film is turned down and screwed to the inside sheet metal of the cover.

**[0004]** German Patent Application DE 41 05 396 A1 discloses a solar cover for a vehicle roof in which solar cells embedded between two cement layers are attached to the underside of the pane, by which a solar cell film combination is formed which projects in the edge area into the peripheral foam of the cover.

**[0005]** The German Patent Application 103 06 957 and corresponding U.S. Patent Application Publication 2006/232093 (both of which were unpublished at the time of filing of this patent application) describe a glass cover in which on the underside of the pane a shatter-

proofing film is cemented which in its edge area projects into the permanently elastic cementing, by means of which a retaining element for linking the cover to the vehicle body is cemented to the pane.

**[0006]** The disadvantage in these known glass covers is that attachment parts such as the frame parts, inside cover sheet metal or visors must be joined to the glass pane with additional cement materials, for example peripheral polyurethane foam or a cement bead, and furthermore for joining the edge area of the shatter-proofing film to the peripheral foam or cement or to the inside cover sheet metal complex measures must often be carried out, for example a perforation or a special surface configuration of the edge area of the shatter-proofing film.

**[0007]** U.S. Patent 6,675,550 B1 discloses glazing of a building using a layer of ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymers as a shatter-proofing element that is located between two panes of glass to join them.

**[0008]** U.S. Patent 6,237,306 B1 discloses glazing of a building with a layer of ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymers being used as a shatter-proofing element that is cemented to the glass pane and is enclosed together with it in a window frame. On the other side of the shatter-proofing element, a protective layer which is not enclosed in the frame is cemented.

#### Summary of the Invention

**[0009]** The object of this invention is to devise an arrangement for closing the opening of a motor vehicle, especially a cover for a roof opening, a shatter-proofing element will be provided and still the production of the arrangement should be as economical as possible.

**[0010]** This object is achieved in accordance with the invention by an arrangement for closing an opening of a motor vehicle, with a pane, a layer of cement material which acts as a flat shatter-proofing element being attached securely to the pane on one side, the other side of the layer of cement material being used to cement at least one attachment part to the pane, the at least one attachment part being a reinforcing element for the pane, a retaining element for connecting the pane to the vehicle body or an element connected to the vehicle body, or a screen or blind. In this connection, it is advantageous that there is a layer of cement material which, on the one hand, itself acts as a flat shatter-proofing element, i.e., without an additional film or sheet, and which, on the other hand, is used to directly cement a structural attachment part, for

example, a reinforcing element, a retaining element, or a screen or blind, directly to the pane, so that an especially simple and economical production of the arrangement is enabled.

**[0011]** The invention is explained in detail below with reference to the accompanying drawings.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

**[0012]** Figure 1 is a schematic view of a glass cover as in accordance with the invention for a vehicle roof, viewed from the vehicle interior;

**[0013]** Figure 2 is a sectional view along line A-A in Figure 1, the cover in Figure 2 being turned by 180° with respect to Figure 1; and

**[0014]** Figures 3 - 6 are views similar to Figure 2, but modified embodiments being shown.

#### Detailed Description of the Invention

**[0015]** Figure 1 is a schematic of a glass cover 10 for an opening in a vehicle roof in a view from the vehicle interior. The cover 10 comprises an at least partially transparent glass pane 12, with a layer 14 of a flat cement material applied to its underside. The cement material can be for example PU, PVB, EVA or ionomers in sheet or film form. The mechanical properties of the layer 14 of cement material are selected such that when the pane 12 breaks the layer 14 is inherently strong enough to prevent the shards of the pane 12 from penetrating into the vehicle interior or to prevent articles from being hurled out of the vehicle interior through the roof opening to the outside. In other words, the layer 14 of cement material maintains its mechanical integrity even when the pane 12 breaks and without providing a cover layer 16 which is to be detailed later. In particular, the layer 14, when it is securely joined to a frame connected to the vehicle body, also remains tensioned by this frame when the pane 12 breaks even without a cover layer 16.

**[0016]** Furthermore, the layer 14 as shown in Figure 1 is used to cement two reinforcing sections 18 and two retaining angles 20 directly to the underside of the pane 12. Moreover, on the side of the layer 14 of cement material facing the interior of the vehicle, a cover layer 16 is applied which can be formed for example from a PET film, PET sheet, PMMA film or PMMA

sheet and can be used for an optical, haptic and/or anti-scratch function by the corresponding surface strength or surface configuration or tinting.

**[0017]** A shatter-proofing function need not be performed by the cover film 16 since the cement layer 14 alone already has the required strength. The cover film 16 is necessarily relieved in the area of the reinforcing sections 18 and the retaining angles 20 so that the attachment parts 18, 20 directly adjoin the cement layer 14 and thus a nonpositive connection is established.

**[0018]** In the area of the reinforcing sections 18 and the retaining angles 20, on the underside of the glass pane 12 there can be frit imprinting 22.

**[0019]** The retaining angles 20 are used for mechanical joining of the cover 10 to the vehicle body, the retaining angles 20 conventionally being linked to a corresponding positioning mechanism for the cover 10 by means of a screw connection.

**[0020]** In the embodiment as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2, the cement layer 14 extends over the entire surface of the pane 12 up to its immediate edge. The same applies to the cover film 16, except for the areas in which the reinforcing sections 18 and the retaining angles 20 are cemented to the underside of the pane by means of the cement layer 14.

**[0021]** The attachment part or parts can also be a instead of a reinforcing element for the pane 12 or a retaining element for connecting the pane 12 to the vehicle body or an element connected to the vehicle body. Preferably, the attachment part or parts are the inside cover sheet metal, a reinforcing section or a section which is used as a contact surface for a seal or a cement connection to a body-mounted frame. Preferably the attachment part or parts are located in the edge area of the pane 12, the layer 14 of cement material preferably completely covering at least the central area of the pane 14.

**[0022]** The invention is advantageous insofar as an additional cementing or foaming process for connecting the attachment parts to the glass pane 12 can be omitted, since the attachment parts can be linked in the same process as application of the cement layer 14 acting as the shatter-proofing element and of the cover layer 16, by which process time and material can be saved. In this connection, a full-coverage shatter-proofing function can be implemented without interruption by attachment parts or retaining means. Furthermore, because the cement layer 14 itself is already acting as a shatter-proofing element and is cemented to the corresponding retaining element or frame elements, complex shaping or working of the edge

area of a shatter-proofing film or sheet according to the prior art for better linkage to the peripheral foam or cementing can be omitted.

**[0023]** Figure 3 shows a modified embodiment, in the edge area 24 of the pane 12 between the reinforcing section 18 and the edge area the layer 14 of cement material and the cover layer 16 being relieved such that in this area the bottom of the glass pane 12 is exposed. This exposed area 24 is used as the contact surface for a seal 26.

**[0024]** Figure 4 shows another modified embodiment in which the edge area 24 of the underside of the pane 12 is likewise relieved from the covering by the cement layer 14, but here the recessed area 24 being used for attachment of the peripheral edge foam 28 of the pane 12, for example, of polyurethane. Furthermore, in the example from Figure 4, the cement layer 14 is not used to attach a reinforcing section 18, but to attach the inside cover sheet metal 30 to the underside of the pane 12. The embodiment from Figure 4 is an adjustable cover, for example, of a sliding roof or sliding and lifting roof.

**[0025]** Figure 5 shows an embodiment in which the cement layer 14 is used for linking the sheet metal section 32 in the edge area of the pane 12 to the underside of the pane 12, the sheet metal profile 32, for its part, being used as the contact surface for a seal 26.

**[0026]** Figure 6 shows an embodiment in which the glass cover 10 is a so-called glass window element which is cemented into the roof opening of the vehicle. For this purpose, in the edge area of the pane 12, a sheet metal section 34 is cemented by means of a cement layer 14 to the underside of the pane which is used as the working surface for a sealing cement connection 36, by means of which the sheet metal section 34, and thus the pane 12, are cemented to the body-mounted roof frame 38 which, for its part, is securely connected to the roof skin 40. The cement connection 36 is preferably made as a cement bead.

**[0027]** In all embodiments, the material of the cement layer acting as a shatter-proofing element can have a tear strength of at least  $15 \text{ MJ/m}^3$ , preferably at least  $25 \text{ MJ/m}^3$ , and a tensile strength of at least 10 MPa, preferably at least 20 MPa, each measured according to U.S. test ASTM D-638. The modulus of elasticity can be at least 50 MPa, preferably at least 150 MPa, measured according to the U.S. test ASTM D-5026.

**[0028]** Preferably, the material of the cement layer acting as a shatter-proofing element is ethylene/methacrylic acid copolymers. This material is sold under the trademark SentryGlass

Plus from DuPont, Wilmington, USA. It is an ionomer material. The layer thickness is preferably between 1.5 and 2.3 mm.

What is claimed is:

## Abstract

An arrangement for closing an opening of a motor vehicle, which is provided with a pane (12), a layer (14) of cement material which acts as a flat shatter-proofing element being attached with one side securely to the pane, the other side of the layer of cement material being used to cement at least one attachment part (18, 20, 30, 32, 34) to the pane, the attachment part being a reinforcing element (18) for the pane, a retaining element (303, 32, 34) for connecting the pane to the vehicle body or an element (38) connected to the vehicle body, or a screen or blind.